

Chlorophyll *a* and Phycocyanin from Hyperspectral Airborne and Hand-held Sensors on Lake Erie

¹Andrea Vander Woude, ¹Dack Stuart, ²Steve Ruberg, ¹Thomas Johengen, ³Brandi McCarty, ³Jim Churnside, ¹Danna Palladino, ¹Ashley Burtner
¹University of Michigan Cooperative Institute of Limnology and Ecosystems Research,
²NOAA Great Lakes Environmental Research Laboratory, ³NOAA Earth System Research Laboratory

Research Question: Are chlorophyll *a* and phycocyanin in blue-green algae detectable from hyperspectral sensors?
Why?: To warn water intake managers in the Western basin of Lake Erie when any bloom is present near their intake

Integrative HAB Approach



Airborne Resonon Pika II



Spectral Range	400-900 nm
Spatial Resolution	2.1 m (depending on altitude)
Number of channels	240
Field of View	16°

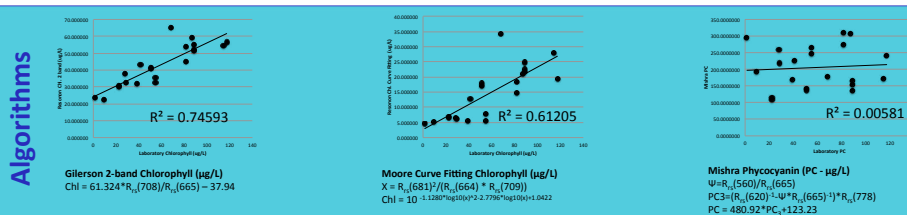
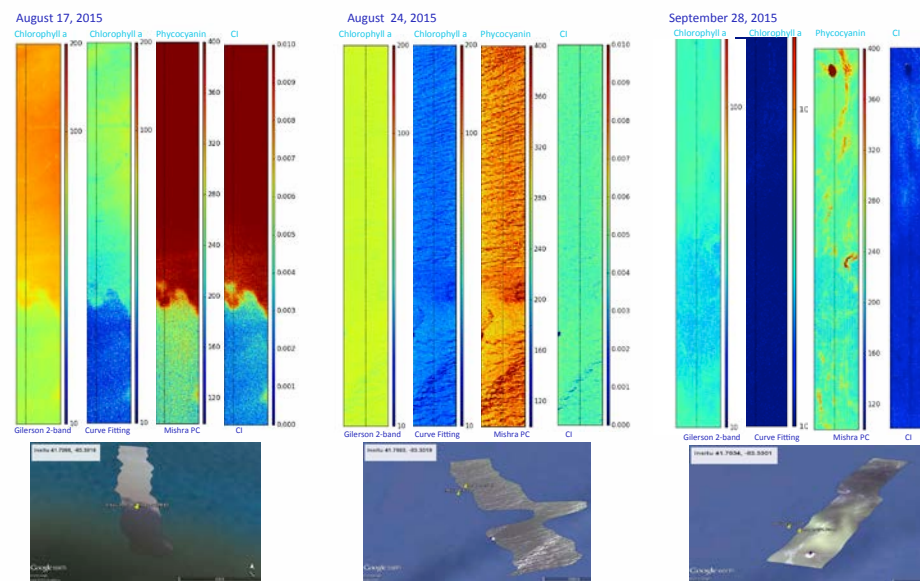
Satlantic Hypergun Hand-held Sensor



Hyperspectral ocean color sensor that measures water-leaving spectral radiance and sky downwelling irradiance.

Spectral Range	400-800 nm
Spectral Resolution	3 nm
Number of channels	137
Field of view	3°

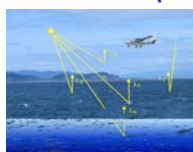
Airborne Resonon Pika II Sensor - Results



Cloud detection & MODTRAN Atmospheric Correction (NOAA ESRL)



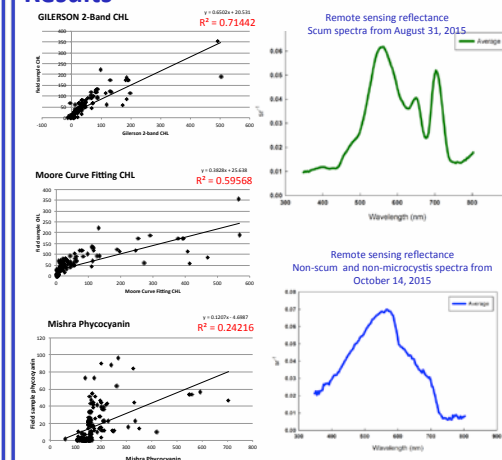
- $L(550) < 4000$ uflck
- Morphological opening with 5x5 pixel kernel.



- MODTRAN CLEAR SKY
- $\tau(550) = 0.2$
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$$R_{rs} = \frac{L_{\text{measured}} - L_{\text{downwelling}}}{E}$$

Hand-held Satlantic Hypergun Sensor - Results



Future Work

- Functional group maps of Lake Erie with a combination of absorption and backscatter spectra
- 4 different phytoplankton groups.
- End product will be maps of functional groups for each over flight.

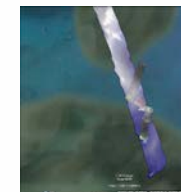


NASA Coincident Flyovers & Intercalibration



2015 coincident flyovers over Lake Erie and intercalibration of sensors

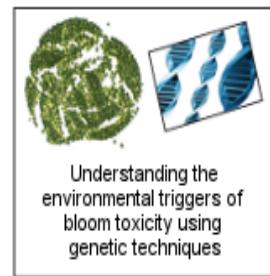
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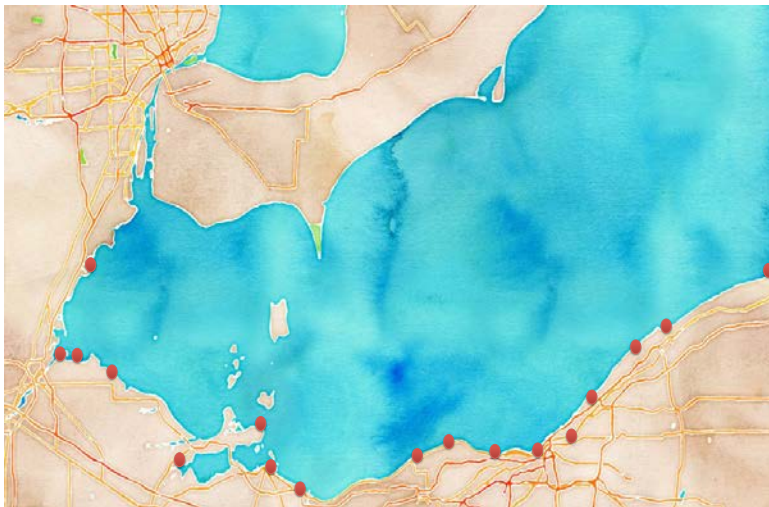
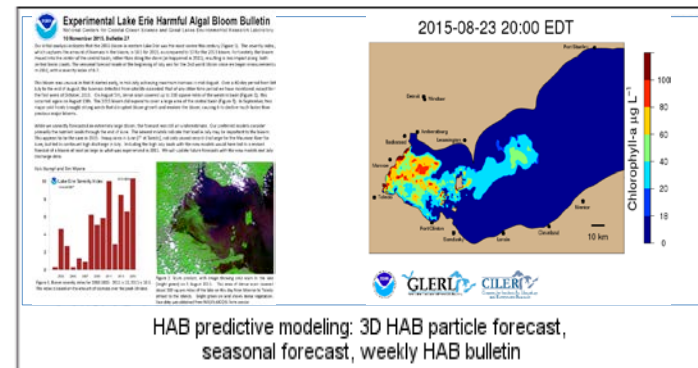
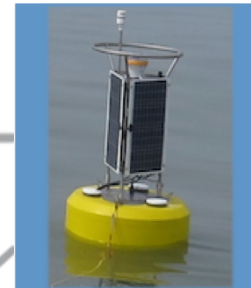
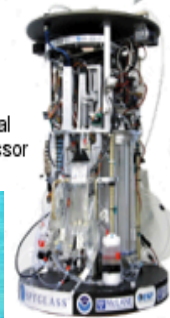
References

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Integrative HAB Approach

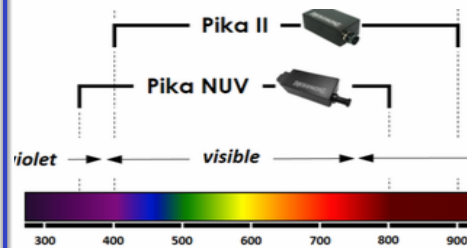


Environmental sample processor (ESP)



Water Intake
Locations

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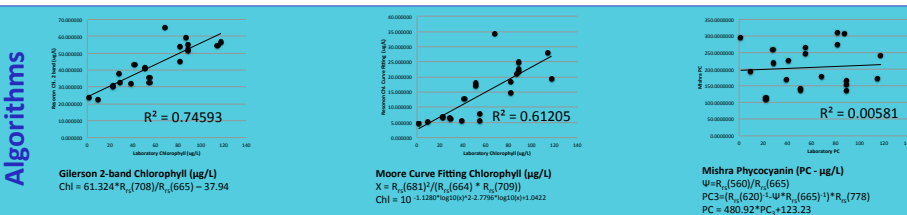
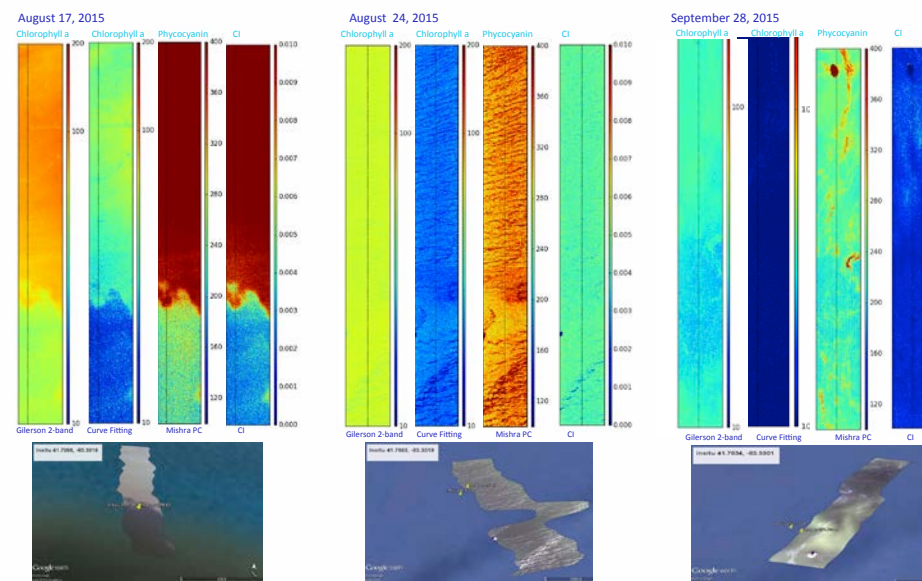
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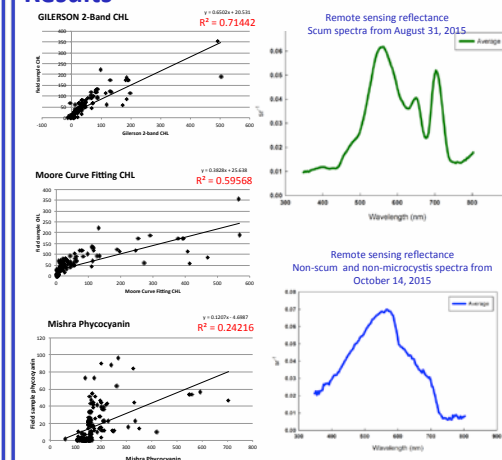
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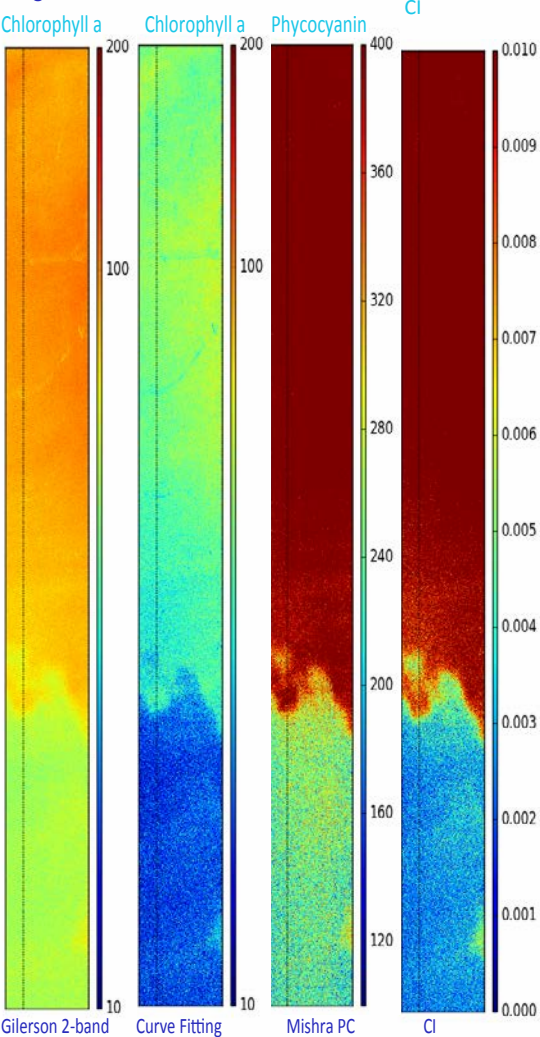


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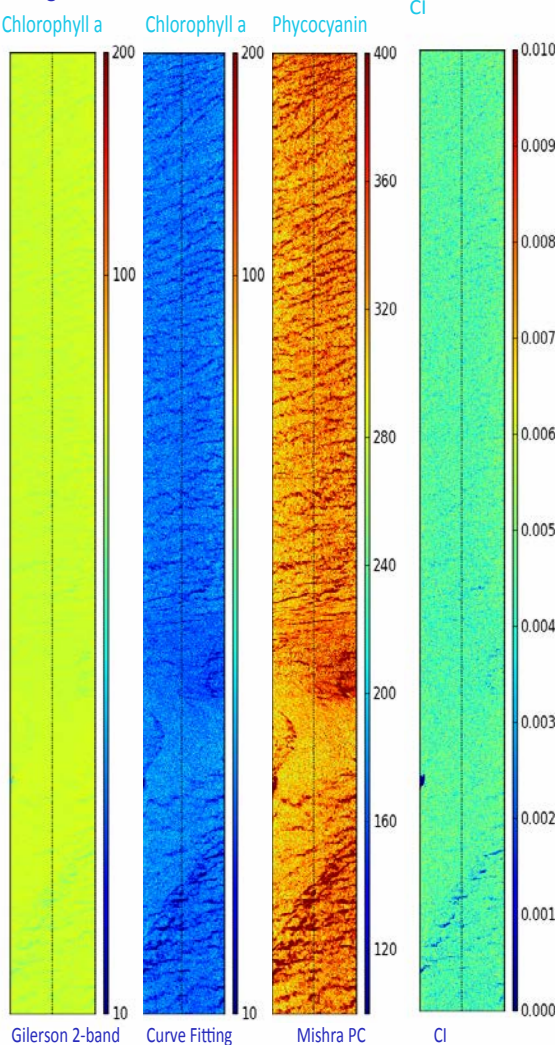
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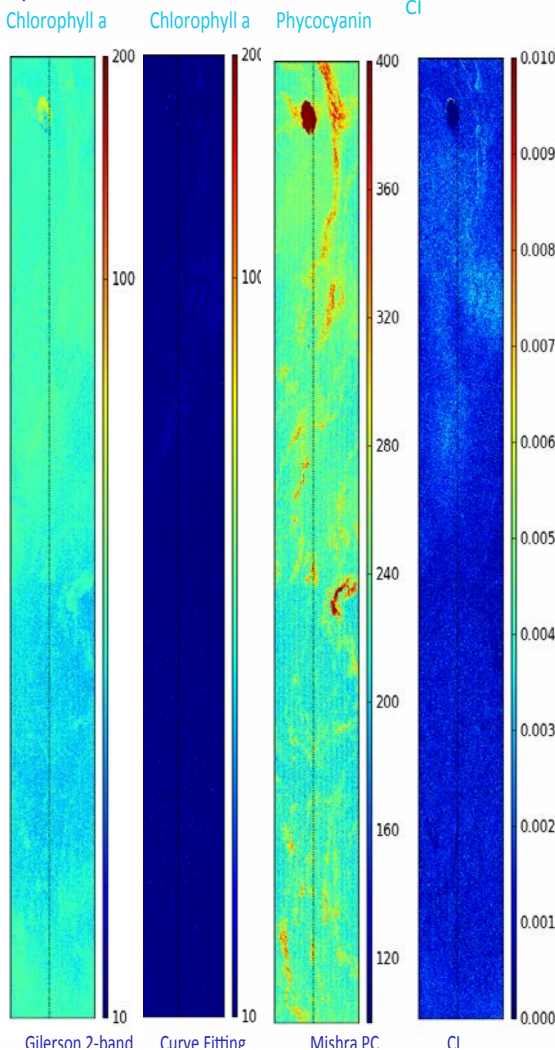
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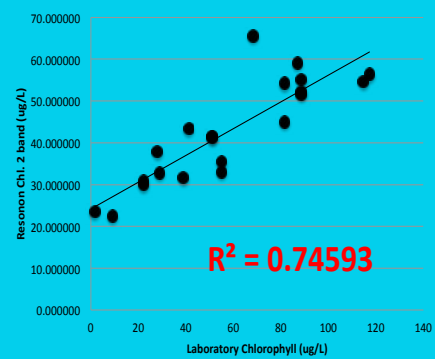


August 24, 2015



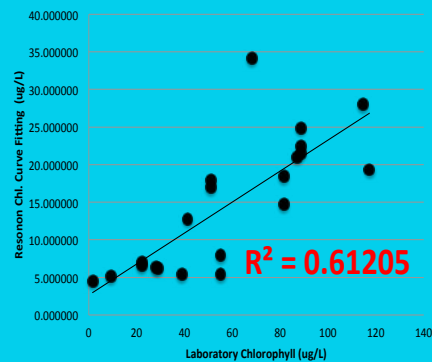
September 28, 2015





Gilerson 2-band Chlorophyll ($\mu\text{g/L}$)

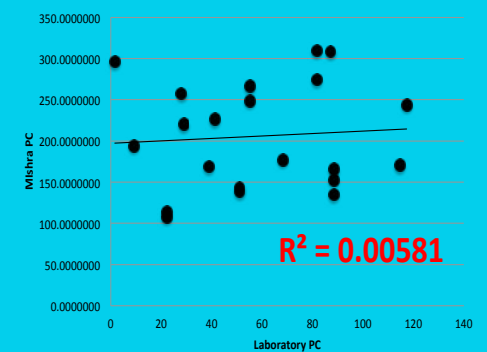
$$\text{Chl} = 61.324 \cdot R_{rs}(708) / R_{rs}(665) - 37.94$$



Moore Curve Fitting Chlorophyll ($\mu\text{g/L}$)

$$X = R_{rs}(681)^2 / (R_{rs}(664) \cdot R_{rs}(709))$$

$$\text{Chl} = 10^{-1.1280 \cdot \log_{10}(X)^2 - 2.7796 \cdot \log_{10}(X) + 1.0422}$$



Mishra Phycocyanin (PC - $\mu\text{g/L}$)

$$\Psi = R_{rs}(560) / R_{rs}(665)$$

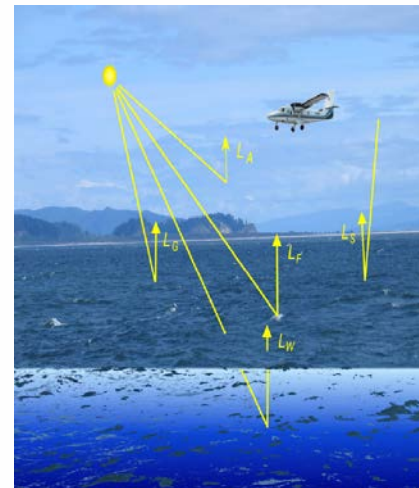
$$\text{PC}_3 = (R_{rs}(620)^{-1} \cdot \Psi \cdot R_{rs}(665)^{-1}) \cdot R_{rs}(778)$$

$$\text{PC} = 480.92 \cdot \text{PC}_3 + 123.23$$

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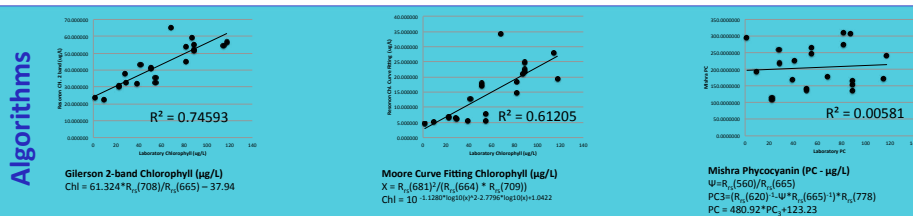
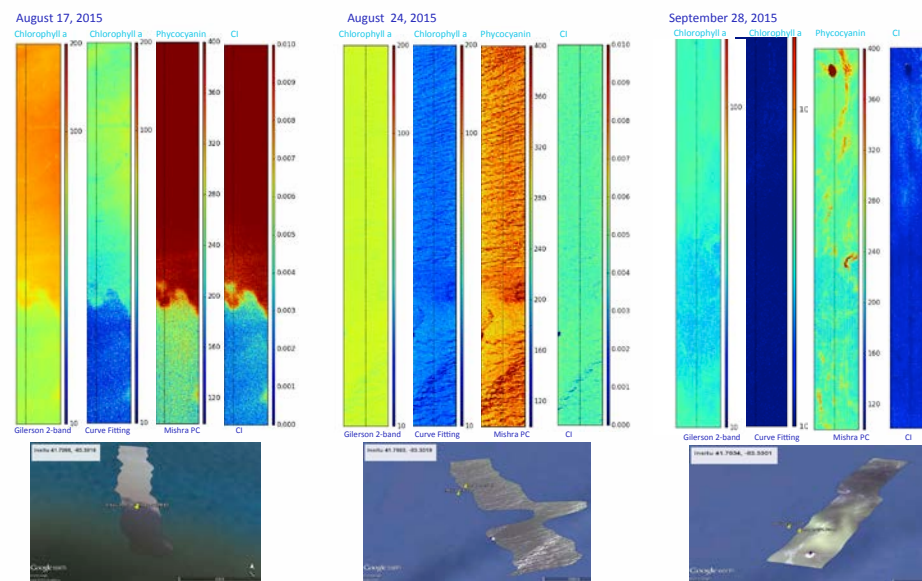
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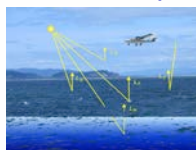
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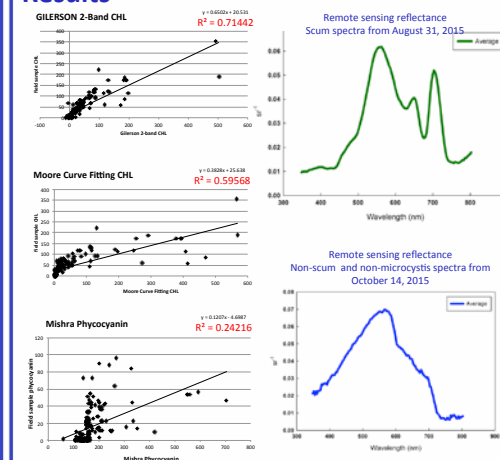
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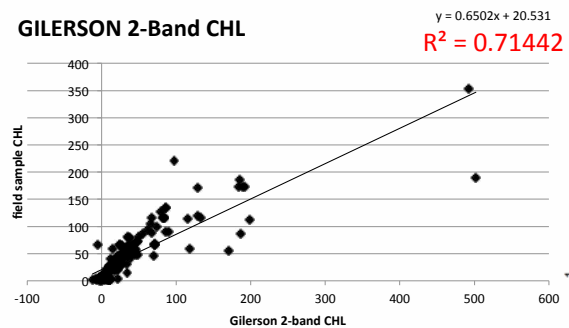


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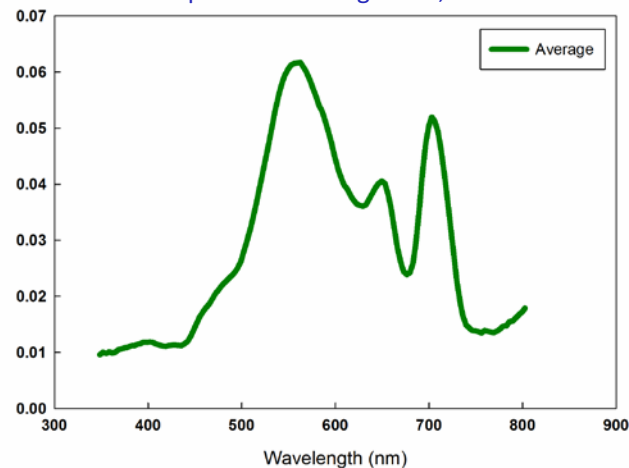
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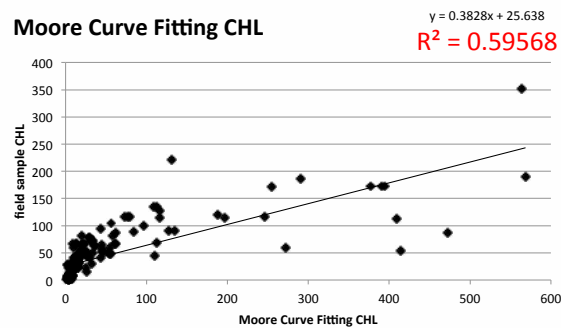
GILERSON 2-Band CHL



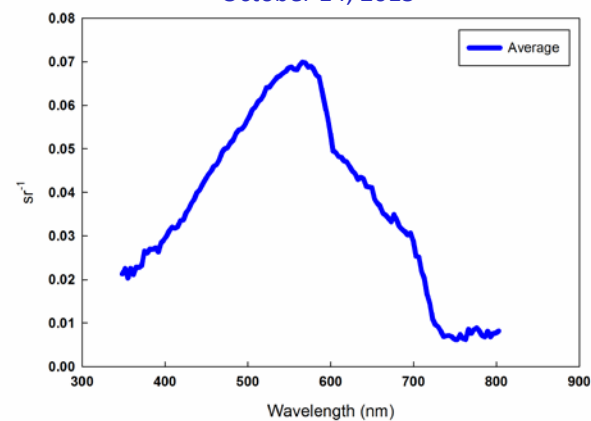
Remote sensing reflectance
Scum spectra from August 31, 2015



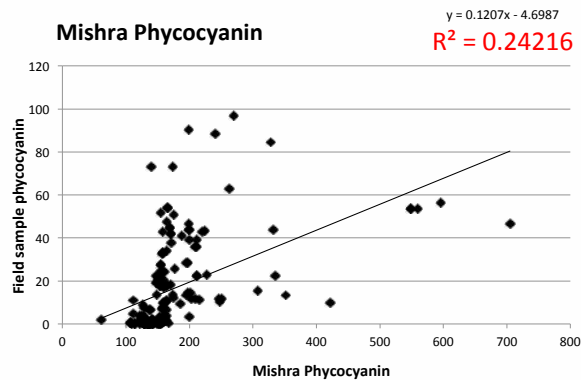
Moore Curve Fitting CHL



Remote sensing reflectance
Non-scum and non-microcystis spectra from
October 14, 2015



Mishra Phycocyanin



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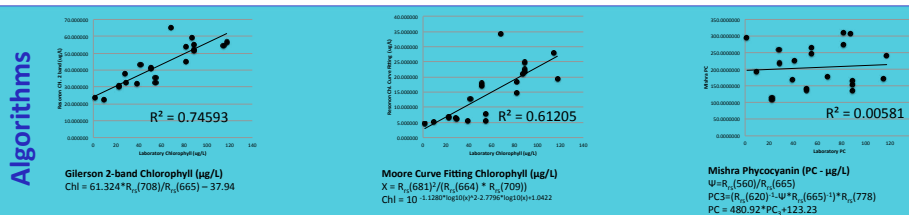
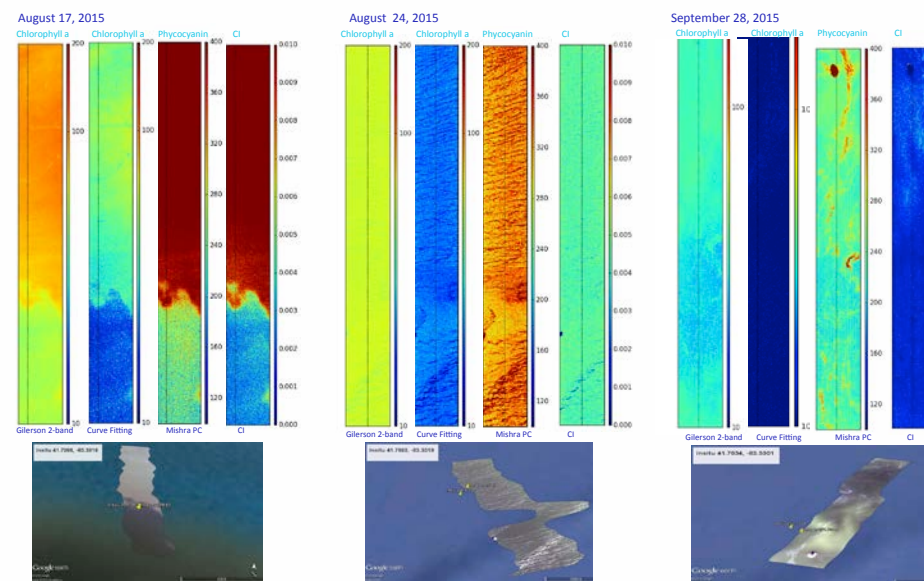
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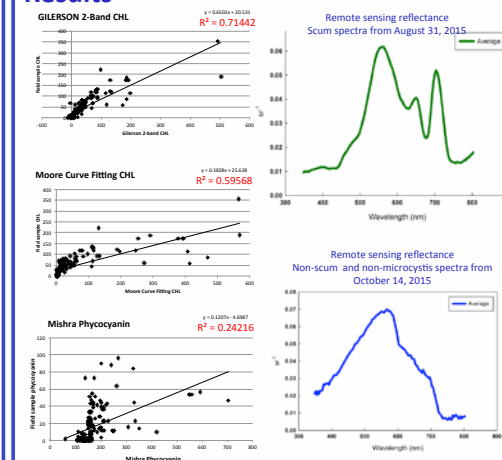
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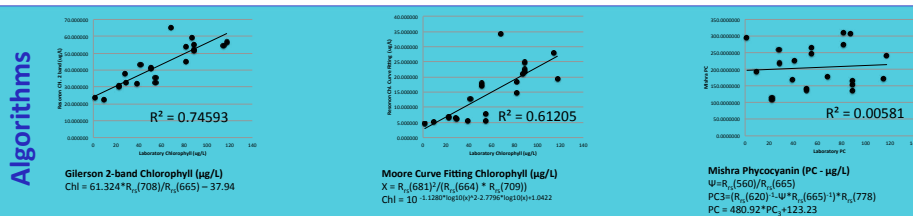
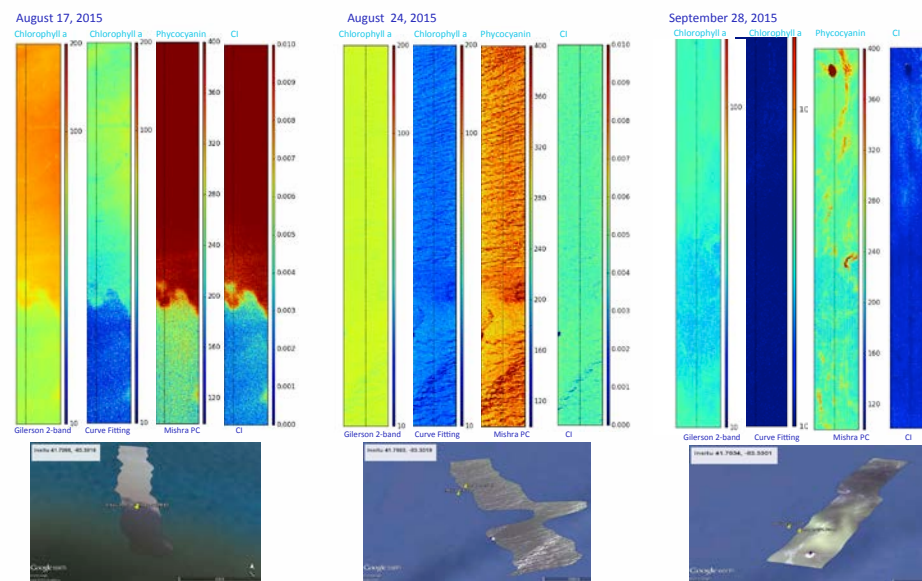
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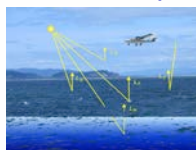
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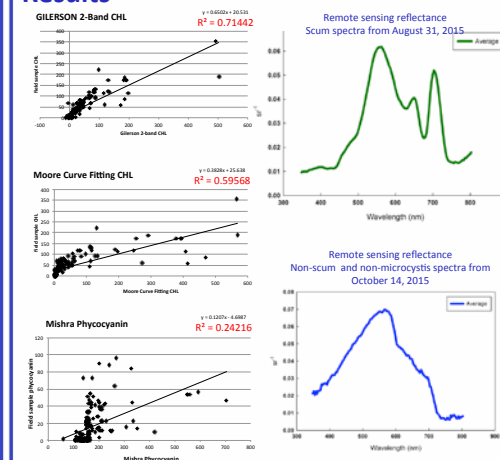
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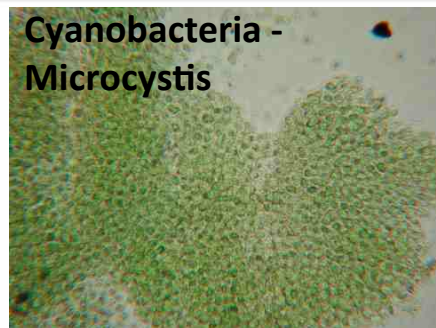
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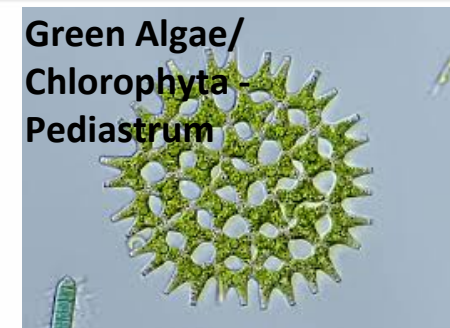


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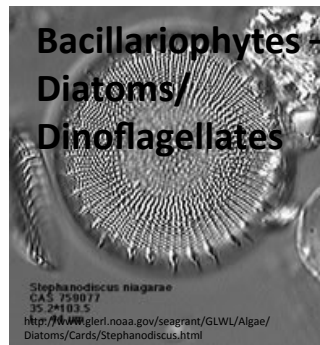
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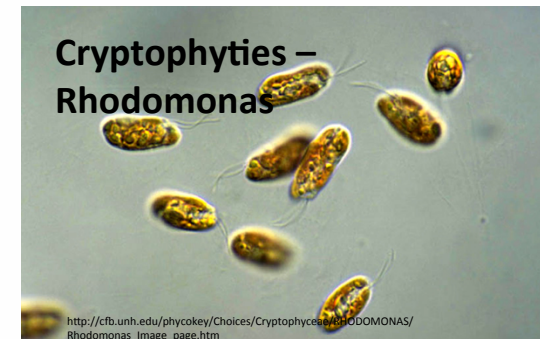
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http://www.plingfactory.de/Science/Atlas/Kennkarten%20Algen/01_e-algae/Chlorophyta/e-source/Pediastrum%20duplex.html



Stephanodiscus niagarae
CAS: 759077
35.2*103.5
<http://www.glerl.noaa.gov/seagrant/GLWL/Algae/Diatoms/Cards/Stephanodiscus.html>



http://cfb.unh.edu/phycokey/Choices/Cryptophytes/RHODOMONAS/Rhodomonas_image_page.htm

Questions?

